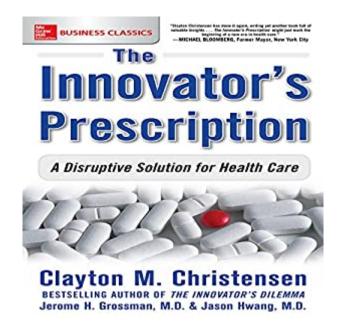


## The book was found

# The Innovator's Prescription: A Disruptive Solution For Health Care





# Synopsis

The book that's revolutionizing health care in America A groundbreaking prescription for reform - from a legendary leader in innovation. Our health care system is in critical condition. The Affordable Care Act has insured more Americans than ever, yet deductibles keep rising and costs continue to climb. Now more than ever, the industry needs a shot in the arm. It needs The Innovator's Prescription, the now-classic approach to efficient, affordable health care. Learn how to: Deliver personalized care at a lower cost with "precision medicine" Improve quality, accessibility, and affordability using a disruptive business modelEnable better treatment of chronic diseases through patient networksDiagnose problems and find solutions faster using new technology Take advantage of insurance and regulatory reforms to provide the best care possible

## **Book Information**

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### Customer Reviews

Christensen and his co-authors have written a clear and compelling guide to putting the healthcare industry on a path to more rapid productivity breakthroughs that deliver increasing value/\$. Their prescription for changing the HC industry has the potential to increase the well being of all Americans while radically lowering costs and increasing quality. It is the first book I have read on the industry that puts all of the pieces together to describe the root causes of current roadblocks and the pathway to improvement. The authors organize their ideas around the "disruptive innovation" and "jobs to be done" theories that Professor Christensen has developed. I recommend this book to anyone who is serious about introducing disruptive technology and business model innovation to the healthcare industry. The examples and well researched footnotes on the industry are thorough

and valuable.

This was a hard one to read. A bloody hard slog. If I see the word 'disruption' one more time I'm going to throw up. There is valuable insight in the first half of the book which I recommend. However the last 3-4 chapters were severely repetitive with a lot of prescriptive comments about what innovators 'must' do. If you are a doctor, this is an interesting read. It opens your mind to what could be, and suddenly nothing seems as safe and cosy. If you are a businessman, you'll need a lot more than what this book has to offer. You'll probably look at the entrenched systems of health, throw your hands in the air and decide to tackle some other industry.

Good book, this author is very aware and intelligent, worthy of a 2017 revision, but in medical space he'd have to revise every year. Still, good info to think about.

Prof Clayton Christensen is a genius. The book is not only valuable to those who are in the health industry; it is also valuable to everyone who is interested in entreprenuership. If I try to summarise Clay's work, I will be short changing the reader. Please buy the book and tap into the genius' mind. This is the best investment you can ever make as most of can not afford to study at Harvard but we can access the Harvard materials from Clay.

As a 23-year healthcare industry veteran and the author of [...], I thought the authors did an excellence job of identifying many of the critical issues facing healthcare and providing a roadmap for change. The problems with our healthcare system are complex and have many root causes. The authors provide insights on how three elements of disruptive innovation can make healthcare more accessible and affordable. These three elements are:1. Technology enablers2. Business model innovation3. Value networksAnyone who has worked in healthcare realizes that the regulatory framework and reimbursement scheme often drives much of the behaviors and constraints that adversely impact access and affordability. The authors do a nice job of discussing the regulatory and reimbursement reforms needed to enable disruptive solutions for healthcare. In full disclosure, I'm a fan of Mr. Christensen. I've read many of his books and have seen him speak a number of times. This book is an excellent contribution to helping solve our healthcare crisis.

I (St. Paul) have become all things to all people, so that I might by any means save some. I do it all for the sake of the gospel, so that I may share in its blessings. - 1 Corinthians 9:23Willingness to be

all things to all people may be a good strategy for spreading the Gospel, but it doesn't work in business including the business of health care. At least that is the way I would summarize the basic message of The Innovator's Prescription by Clayton Christensen, Harvard Business School Professor. It's a message that rings true with me based on personal experience in a company struggling with management of both specialty and commodity businesses. Christensen's focus is on disruptor-driven innovation, and he has applied the same theories to education reform in Disrupting Class. Words analogous to those of St. Paul quoted above could well be uttered by general hospital managements and physician practices who would say something like this: To those with serious life threatening injuries, we have become a trauma center so that we might save their lives. To those with bad colds, we have become a dispenser of aspirin and advice. To those with terminal illnesses, we have become very expensive anti-hospices doing whatever we can to prolong life. To those with chronic illnesses we have become providers of routine and ordinary treatments at high cost and great inconvenience. To those with undiagnosed illnesses we have become expensive providers of trial and error testing to try to figure out what is wrong. To those needing operations, we have become a surgery center. We do it all for the sake of health care so that we may share in the revenues available from it. The problem with that lack of focus is that it assures a high cost structure and impossibility of providing such services efficiently or for charging appropriate and fair prices for them. Christiansen argues that there are three basic tasks to be provided to customers of the health care system and that the three are so different in nature that it is impossible for a single integrated institution to provide all three efficiently and effectively. In lay terms, I would say the three basic tasks are:1. Diagnosis and problem solving2. Application of standard one-time treatment based on the diagnosis3. Ongoing management of chronic diseasesThe first task requires the best specialized education and technology and is most expensive and can be paid for only with a fee for service system. Probably most people never need such service. The second task is process oriented and can be standardized with written procedures describing best practices. Such standardization will allow primary care physicians to displace specialists and nurse practitioners to displace primary care physicians for many tasks thus increasing availability and reducing cost and time required. Pay can be based on results. The third task is best managed by facilitated networks of persons with the same diseases to enable sharing of best practices and improve communication and access while reducing costs. Pay can be based on participation. Christensen discusses the normal business development cycle that begins with evolution of vertically and horizontally integrated companies at the front end followed by a process of dis-integration as those big companies gradually outsource the least value adding parts of the business to smaller companies.

All the steps in that process make economic sense for the large company giving up something, for the small company gaining something, and for the customer getting a better deal in cost and quality. This cycle is playing out in small ways in the health care industry such as in development of independent surgery centers and nurse practitioner staffed retail clinics but is severely slowed and restricted by the government imposed system of fixed reimbursement for procedures. Physician practices and general hospitals are helpless to change the system because they are trapped in it and dependent on it. Rapid change must come from external disruptors. He also discusses a normal technology development cycle which begins with everybody having to go to experts to access a new technology and proceeds to wide dispersion of and easy access to the technology even for novices. A medical example cited is Dialysis, which is now so simple that it can be done at home more effectively and at lower cost but normally is not because congress guarantees Medicare reimbursement for clinical dialysis for anyone suffering from end stage renal failure. This is a rich text, full of examples from medical and non-medical businesses, to which I cannot do justice in a post of a few hundred words. For any who believe that a government single payer system is the best approach for US health care, this text will explain clearly why smart people who have spent years studying the system think otherwise. I offer this quote from near the end of the text: We hope. however, that the concepts in this book can give government officials a language and a deeper understanding of how the world works, so they can sort self-serving arguments from public-serving ones. In particular, we hope we've provided convincing theory and evidence that the solutions cannot come simply from demanding that existing providers operate more efficiently or compete against each other more intensely...The health-care industry needs to be disrupted. Now, if government officials would only read the book...as soon as they get through reading the self-serving argument based 2000+ page bill that they are about to pass and try to implement.

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